## **Gynecologic Pathology Grossing Guidelines**

**Specimen Type:** SALPINGECTOMY (non-neoplastic resection)

## **Gross Template:**

## **MMODAL COMMAND: "INSERT FALLOPIAN TUBE"**

It consists of a [disrupted/intact\*\*\*] salpingectomy measuring [\*\*\*] cm in length x [\*\*\*] cm in diameter. Fimbriae are [present/absent\*\*\*]. The external surface of the fallopian tube is [color, texture, adhesions, paratubal cysts\*\*\*]. The specimen is sectioned to reveal [describe luminal contents or if unremarkable\*\*\*]. Representative sections are submitted.

[insert cassette summary\*\*\*]

## Cassette Submission: 1-2 cassettes

- Grossly unremarkable submit one representative cross section from proximal, mid, and distal portion and longitudinally bisected fimbriated end
- Adhesions present submit one section to include adhesions
- Sample cystic areas (if present)
- For <u>suspected or confirmed high-grade serous carcinoma</u>, <u>BRCA +, PALB2 mutation</u>, <u>or history of breast cancer</u>, in which <u>no lesion is grossly identified</u>, submit entire fallopian tube and ovary using <u>SEE-FIM protocol</u>, see sectioning diagram below:
  - Amputate and longitudinally section the infundibulum and fimbrial segment (distal 2 cm) to allow maximal exposure of the tubal plicae.
  - The isthmus and ampulla are cut transversely at 0.2-0.3 cm intervals.
  - In the gross description, mention in the summary of section that the fallopian tube has been submitted in its entirety using the SEE-FIM protocol.

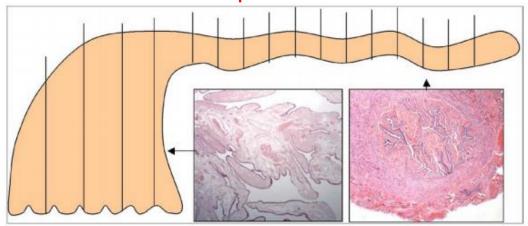


Figure 1. Protocol for Sectioning and Extensively Examining the Fimbriated End (SEE-FIM) of the Fallopian Tube. This protocol entails amputation and longitudinal sectioning of the infundibulum and fimbrial segment (distal 2 cm) to allow maximal exposure of the tubal plicae. The isthmus and ampulla are cut transversely at 2- to 3-mm intervals. From Crum et al. 10 Copyright © 2007 Lippincott Williams & Wilkins. Reproduced with permission.