Gynecologic Pathology Grossing Guidelines

Specimen Type: SALPINGO-OOPHRECTOMY (non-neoplastic)

Gross Template:

MMODAL COMMAND: "INSERT OVARY"

It consists of a [disrupted/intact***] [weight***] gram [salpingo-oophorectomy/oophorectomy***]. The ovary measures [measure in three dimensions***] cm. The fallopian tube measures [***] cm in length x [***] cm in diameter. Fimbriae are [present/absent***].

The external surface of the ovary is [smooth, tan-yellow, note tubo-ovarian adhesions if present***]. Sectioning reveals [color/cysts/lining/projections/describe contents/thickness of wall, atrophic changes***]. The external surface of the fallopian tube is [pink-tan and smooth, adhesions, paratubal cysts***], and sectioning reveals [describe cut surface and lumen diameter***].

[Representative sections are submitted/The specimen is entirely submitted***].

[insert cassette summary***]

Cassette Submission: 2-3 cassettes

- 1 cassette of ovary
- 1 cassette of fallopian tube
- For <u>suspected or confirmed high-grade serous carcinoma</u>, <u>BRCA +, or history of breast cancer</u>, in which <u>no lesion is grossly</u> <u>identified</u>, submit entire fallopian tube and ovary using SEE-FIM protocol, see sectioning diagram below:
 - This protocol entails submitting the entire fallopian tube as follows:
 - Amputate and longitudinally section the infundibulum and fimbrial segment (distal 2 cm) to allow maximal exposure of the tubal plicae.
 - The isthmus and ampulla are cut transversely at 0.2-0.3 cm intervals.
 - In the gross description, mention in the summary of section that the fallopian tube has been submitted in its entirety per the SEE-FIM protocol.
 - If ovary is replaced by a large cyst- submit 1 section per 1 cm of the greatest dimension of the ovary

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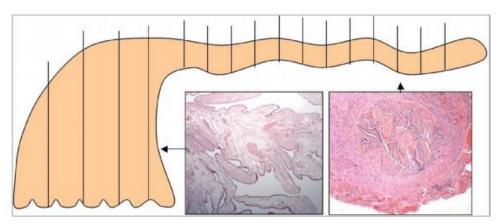


Figure 1. Protocol for Sectioning and Extensively Examining the Fimbriated End (SEE-FIM) of the Fallopian Tube. This protocol entails amputation and longitudinal sectioning of the infundibulum and fimbrial segment (distal 2 cm) to allow maximal exposure of the tubal plicae. The isthmus and ampulla are cut transversely at 2- to 3-mm intervals. From Crum et al. 10 Copyright © 2007 Lippincott Williams & Wilkins. Reproduced with permission.