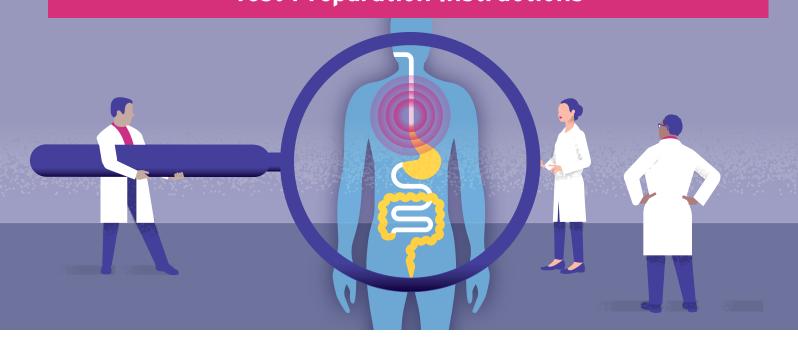


# EGD with 48-Hour Wireless Esophageal pH Capsule (Bravo™) (ON Acid Suppression) Test Preparation Instructions



### What is an upper endoscopy and what can I expect during the procedure?

An upper endoscopy, also known as an esophagogastroduodenoscopy (EGD), is a procedure that allows your doctor to examine the inside of your upper gastrointestinal (GI) tract: the esophagus (swallowing tube), stomach, and the duodenum (first portion of the small intestine). It is performed by a doctor. During the procedure, an endoscope, which is a long, flexible tube with a light and camera at the end is used to view the inside of your upper GI tract. You will be given sedation/anesthesia for this test. The upper endoscopy usually takes 10-15 minutes to complete.

LOCATION Your upper endoscopy and Bravo™ test will be performed at the selected location below.		
UCLA Medical Center	UCLA Medical Center,	West Hills Endoscopy
200 UCLA Medical Plaza #320 Los Angeles, CA 90095	<b>Santa Monica</b> 1250 16th St #1401	7320 Woodlake Ave #320 West Hills, CA 91307
Date	Santa Monica, CA 90404	
Time	Date	Date Time
(Please check in 1 hour before	Time	(Please check in 1 hour befor
procedure time)	(Please check in 1 hour before	procedure time)
Ronald Reagan UCLA Medical Center	procedure time)	
757 Westwood Plaza,	☐ Santa Clarita	
Admissions, Room 1314 Los Angeles, CA 90095	27235 Tourney Rd #1100	
Date	Valencia, CA 91355	
Time	Date	
(Please check in 2 hours before	Time	
procedure time)	(Please check in 1 hour before procedure time)	

## How do I prepare for an upper endoscopy with Bravo™?



☐ DISCUSS MEDICATIONS and HEALTH CONDITIONS you have with your doctor.

You will require special instructions regarding these medications:

- Anticoagulants/Blood thinners
- Antiplatelet medications such as Plavix
- Blood pressure medications
- If you are instructed to do so, stop taking all iron, aspirin, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) medications, such as Motrin, Ibuprofen, and Advil.

Notify your doctor if you have these health conditions:

- Heart murmurs
- Previous heart valve surgery
- Bleeding disorders



SCHEDULE your upper endoscopy with 48-hour Bravo™. Please call our Patient Communication Center (PCC) at 310-825-7540 to schedule your procedure. Note: The PCC might also call you to schedule the procedure.



ARRANGE for a friend or family member to drive you home after your procedure if you are being sedated as you will still be drowsy and it is unsafe to drive.

- You must have an adult accompany you home the day of your procedure, even if you take a cab. The medical procedure staff must be able to contact whoever will accompany you. If this person cannot be confirmed prior to the procedure, your procedure will be rescheduled for your safety.
- You should not drive a car, operate machinery, or make any legal decisions until the day after your procedure.
- If you are unable to find a responsible adult to accompany you and need a ride for the procedure, you may utilize a non-emergency medical transport company providing "door-to-door" service. Door-to-door transport service provides assistance entering and exiting the vehicle and ensuring safe arrival inside their destination. Please bring the medical transport contact information with you the day of your procedure. Procedure Unit staff must be able to confirm this transportation upon admission, or your procedure may be canceled. You can call your insurance to find out about what options are available to you.



**NIGHT BEFORE** your procedure, **do not eat solid foods** after 12:00 am (midnight). **Do not take any medications** after midnight unless your doctor has specifically asked that you take them (i.e. blood pressure medications). You may **only drink clear liquids** after midnight. Clear liquids consist only of liquids that you would be able to read a newspaper through.

#### **CLEAR LIQUIDS INCLUDE:**

- Water, mineral water
- Clear fruit juices without pulp (apple, white grape, white cranberry, lemonade, etc.)
- Clear carbonated and non-carbonated soft drinks or sports drinks
- Store-bought and >99% fat-free broth (chicken, beef, vegetable, or bone broth)
- Popsicles or gelatin (such as Jell-O)
- Coffee or tea (without milk or cream)

Do not consume any red-, purple-, or orange-colored liquids.



4 HOURS BEFORE your procedure, STOP DRINKING ALL CLEAR LIQUIDS AND MEDICATIONS. This means that you should not have anything to eat or drink 4 hours before your upper endoscopy and onward.

#### AFTER YOUR UPPER ENDOSCOPY WITH BRAVO™

You will spend time in our post-procedure unit where our nursing staff will monitor you. Once it is felt safe, you will be able to leave with your driver/escort. You will take home a Bravo receiver and diary along with instructions on how to use them both. Once home, you may resume your usual diet. Remember that you will need to return the diary and the receiver to the Medical Procedure Unit, so that your test can be interpreted.

# WHAT IS A 48-HOUR WIRELESS ESOPHAGEAL pH CAPSULE TEST AND WHAT CAN I EXPECT DURING THE PROCEDURE?

The wireless esophageal pH capsule (Bravo™) is a test used to measure the amount of stomach acid that refluxes up into the esophagus. During the EGD, the capsule (which is about the size of a large gel cap) is attached to the lining of your esophagus. The Bravo™ capsule measures the acidity in the esophagus and transmits this information to a receiver that you will need to keep near you for the duration of the study (48 hours). Along with the receiver, you will be given instructions on how to record your symptoms on a diary during the test. After the study is complete, you need to return the diary and the Bravo™ receiver

to the Medical Procedure Unit, so that the data can be downloaded and interpreted by a gastroenterologist. Detailed instructions will be provided to you by a nurse on the day of your appointment.

Five to several days after placement, the Bravo<sup>™</sup> capsule naturally falls off and is eliminated from the body with a bowel movement. You will not need to retrieve it.

Please note: You should not have this test if you have a nickel allergy, a pacemaker, an implanted defibrillator, esophageal varices, strictures, or if you tend to bleed. Also, do not have an MRI for 30 days following the procedure, or if you are not certain that you have passed the capsule in your stool. Undergoing an MRI while the capsule is still inside you can result in serious damage to your body.

