PLACENTA

<u>COMMENT: PLEASE TAKE GROSS PHOTOS OF INTACT PLACENTAS WITH</u> SIGNIFICANT GROSS FINDINGS; IF UNSURE, TAKE A PHOTO!

TWIN

- 1. Indicate whether the placentas are separate or fused.
 - a. If separate, examine each placenta as described for singletons.
 - b. Dictate as non-fused diamniotic dichorionic twin placenta.
 - c. Weigh and measure, dictate combined weight as well as individual weights.
- 2. If fused, note the presence of a dividing membrane and its appearance. Indicate if no dividing membrane is present (i.e. monoamniotic)
- 3. If two amniotic cavities are found, indicate if they are of equal or unequal size. Estimate the relative proportion of the fused chorionic plate supplied by the vascular distribution of each twin.
- 4. For monochorionic twins, describe any surface vessel anastomoses between twins [artery-artery, vein-vein, artery-vein], or segments perfused by an artery from one twin and venous return to the other (deep anastomoses). If there has been a prior vascular ablation procedure for twin-twin transfusion syndrome, describe, if possible, the number and location of ablation sites. If Dr. Goldstein is available, please arrange to review these specimens with him prior to submitting sections.
- 5. Make a roll of the dividing membrane and free membranes from each placenta.
- 6. Examine each half of the placenta(s) as described under "single placenta".
- 7. Submit sections as follows:
- a) Two cross sections of both umbilical cords, as above.
- b) Sections of both free membrane rolls to include origin of membranes, if possible.
- c) Cross section of the roll of the dividing membrane and "T-zone" of the septal insertion.
- d) Placental tissue as described under single placenta.

For triplets and greater multiples, follow the same guidelines, just adjust your evaluation for the additional babies. When submitting dividing membrane and "T-zone" sections, designate the relationships: ie. A-b, A-C, B-C.

Gross Template:

Labeled with the patient's name (***), medical record number (***), designated "***", and received [fresh/in formalin] is a fused [diamniotic, dichorionic; diamniotic, monochorionic; monoamniotic, monochorionic] twin placenta[s]. The chorionic disk[s together] weigh *** gm (devoid of cord and membranes) and measure *** x *** x *** cm. The dividing membranes are [pink-tan, thin and translucent, green, thickened, opaque]. There [are/ are no] anastomosing vessels (if present, describe what vessels are anastomosed). The cotyledons are [all present and intact or disrupted or incomplete]. There [is no/is- if present give size and location)] retroplacental hemorrhage. No twin sequence has been indicated. The umbilical cords and respective portions of the

chorionic disc are designated for descriptive purposes by [cord clamps, cord length, insertion]. [If orientation is provided indicate. Orientation is often designated by the number of clamps on the umbilical cord].

Umbilical cord A [provide clamp designation or the number of clamps or other description if undesignated, is trivascular, and measures *** cm in length x *** cm in diameter and [eccentrically, centrally, peripherally, velamentously] inserts *** cm from the margin. There [are/are no] cord knots, thromboses, or focal lesions present. There are [#] [right, left] handed coils per 10 cm. The vascular distribution covers approximately ***% of the fused chorionic disk. The fetal surface is [pink-purple and smooth]. There is [scant, moderate, extensive-quantify if extensive] subchorionic fibrin present. There [is/is no] squamous metaplasia, amnion nodosum, or gross meconium. Surface vessels are [normal/congested/focally thrombosed]. The [pink-tan, thin and translucent, green, thickened, opaque] membranes insert [peripherally, circumarginate, circumvallate over #% of the disc circumference]. The nearest point of rupture measures *** cm from the margin. There [is/is no] accessory lobe present. The chorionic disk weighs *** gm and measures *** x *** x ***cm [include this if disks are separated. Sectioning the chorionic plate of twin A reveals [a red-brown cut surface. describe lesions-intervillous hematomas and infarcts (color, consistency, location)provide % of placental disc involved)]. The remaining parenchyma is [dark red-purple or light pink-red and soft with [normal, increased] calcifications. No additional lesions or masses are grossly identified.

Umbilical cord B [provide clamp designation or the number of clamps or other description if undesignated, is trivascular, and measures *** cm in length x *** cm in diameter and [eccentrically, centrally, peripherally, velamentously] inserts *** cm from the margin. There [are/are no] cord knots, thromboses, or focal lesions present. There are [#] [right, left] handed coils per 10 cm. The vascular distribution covers approximately ***% of the fused chorionic disk. The fetal surface is [pink-purple and smooth]. There is [scant, moderate, extensive-quantify if extensive] subchorionic fibrin present. There [is/is no] squamous metaplasia, amnion nodosum, or gross meconium. Surface vessels are [normal/congested/focally thrombosed]. The [pink-tan, thin and translucent, green, thickened, opaque] membranes insert [peripherally, circumarginate, circumvallate over #% of the disc circumference]. The nearest point of rupture measures *** cm from the margin. There [is/is no] accessory lobe present. The chorionic disk weighs *** gm and measures *** x *** x *** include this if disks are separated. Sectioning the chorionic plate of twin B reveals [a red-brown cut surface. describe lesions-intervillous hematomas and infarcts (color, consistency, location)provide % of placental disc involved)]. The remaining parenchyma is [dark red-purple or light pink-red and soft with [normal, increased] calcifications. No additional lesions or masses are grossly identified.

Representative sections are submitted.

SAMPLE Cassette Submission:

A1 Placenta A - umbilical cord (fetal end) and membranes
A2 Placenta A - umbilical cord (maternal end) and central placenta

A3, A4	Placenta A - central placenta (bisected)
A5	Placenta B - umbilical cord (fetal end) and membranes
A6	Placenta B - umbilical cord (maternal end) and central placenta
A7, A8	Placenta B - unremarkable central placenta (bisected)
A9	Placenta B - peripheral placenta with possible retroplacental hemorrhage
A10	Dividing membranes

PLACENTA—TWIN cont'd

Dividing membrane in twin placentas

Features	Dichorlonic-diamniotic (fused)	Monochorionic-diamniotic		
Appearance	Thick and opaque	Thin and transparent		
Separation of membranes by stripping	Difficult	Easy		
Point of attachment to fetal surface	Ridge or tearing of chorion	Smooth and continuous, without ridge		
Vascular anastomoses	Very rare	Numerous		

Types of twin placentas

Туре	Incidence	Gross	Monozygotic or dizygotic		
Dichorionic- diamniotic (separate)	35%				
Dichorionic- diamniotic (fused)	34%		Monozygotic or dizygotic		
Monochorionic- diamniotic			Monozygotic		
Monochorionic- monoamniotic 1%			Monozygotic		

Week post	Week post	Crown	Fetal	Placental	Placental	Placental	Umbilical
conceptio	last	-rump	weight	diameter	weight	thickness	cord length
n	menstruation	(mm)	(gm)	(mm)	(gm)	(mm)	(mm)
	1						
	2						
1	3						
2	4						
3	5	2.5					
4	6	5					5
5	7	9					
6	8	14	1.1		6		
7	9	20	2				
8	10	26	5		14		
9	11	33	11				
10	12	40	17		26		
11	13	48	23	50 - 75			160 - 180
12	14	56	30		42	10	
13	15	65	40				
14	16	75	60		65	12	
15	17	88	90	75 - 100			220 - 300
16	18	99	130		90		
17	19	112	180				
18	20	125	250		115	15	
19	21	137	320	100 - 125			330 - 350
20	22	150	400		150		
21	23	163	480				
22	24	176	560		185	18	
23	25	188	650	125 - 150			370 - 400
24	26	200	750		210		
25	27	213	870				
26	28	226	1000		250	20	
27	29	236	1130	150 - 170			420 - 450
28	30	250	1260		285		
29	31	263	1400				
30	32	276	1550		315	22	
31	33	289	1700	170 - 200			460 - 490
32	34	302	1900		355		
33	35	315	2100				1
34	36	328	2300		390	24	
35	37	341	2500	200 - 220			500 - 520
36	38	354	2750		425		1
37	39	367	3000				1
38	40	380	3400		470	25	1

Data taken from table in "Pathology of the Human Placenta", 2nd ed., Benirschke, Kurt, 1990, pg 343. [Data compiled from Boyd & Hamilton (1970), O'Rahilly (1973), Johannigmann *et al.* (1972), and Winchel (1893)]