# **Genitourinary Grossing Guidelines**

# **Specimen Type:** CYSTECTOMY/ANTERIOR EXENTERATION (FEMALES)

#### Procedure:

- 1. Note overall dimensions of specimen, including bladder, uterus, vaginal wall, ovaries, fallopian tubes, and ureters.
- 2. Take ureteral and urethral and vaginal resection margins (ureteral margins are often closed with clamps).
- 3. Ink the bladder surgical margins
  - a. left-blue
  - b. right-black
  - c. Do not ink the serosa that covers the bladder at the superior-posterior aspect.
- 4. Ink the uterine, parametrial, and vaginal margins:
  - a. left-blue
  - b. right-black
- 5. Open the bladder with Y-shaped incision, anteriorly:
  - a. Do not touch mucosal surfaces until well fixed, as the mucosa is easily denuded.
  - b. Look up the location of tumor in the patient's chart to avoid cutting through the tumor;
  - c. Open ureters with scissors, inspect the ureteral mucosal surface.
- 6. Photograph the specimen.
- 7. Describe tumor: location, size, number, demarcation, characteristics (papillary/flat/nodular/ulcerated), extent of invasion, distance from inked deep margin, distance from ureteral orifice, and invasion into uterus or vaginal wall.
- 8. Section uterus, fallopian tubes, and ovaries per standard protocol.
- 9. Describe mucosa away from tumor.
- 10. Look for lymph nodes in perivesical fat.

# **Gross Template:**

### **MMODAL COMMAND**: "INSERT BLADDER AND UTERUS"

It consists of an [intact/disrupted/previously incised\*\*\*] cystohysterectomy with [attached/separately received\*\*\*] [total/supracervical\*\*\*] hysterectomy, measuring [measure in three dimensions\*\*\*] cm in greatest overall dimensions. The bladder measures [measure in three dimensions\*\*\*] cm. The right ureter measures [\*\*\*] cm in length x [\*\*\*] cm in diameter. The left ureter measures [\*\*\*] cm in length x [\*\*\*] cm in diameter. The uterus weighs [weigh\*\*\*] grams and measures [\*\*\*] cm (cornu-cornu) x [\*\*\*] cm (fundus-lower uterine segment) x [\*\*\*] cm (anterior - posterior). The cervix measures [\*\*\*] cm in length x [\*\*\*] cm in diameter. The endometrial cavity measures [\*\*\*] cm in length and up to [\*\*\*] cm in width. The endometrium measures [\*\*\*] cm in average thickness, and is [describe color and appearance\*\*\*]. The myometrium ranges from [smallest to largest\*\*\*] cm in thickness. The right fallopian tube measures [\*\*\*] cm in length x [\*\*\*] cm in diameter, [with/without\*\*\*] fimbriae. The left fallopian tube measures [\*\*\*] cm in length x [\*\*\*] cm in diameter [with/without\*\*\*] fimbriae. The right ovary weighs [\*\*\*] grams and measures [measure in three dimensions\*\*\*] cm. The left ovary weighs [\*\*\*] grams and measures [measure in three dimensions\*\*\*] cm.

The bladder is opened along the anterior aspect to reveal a [\*\*\* x \*\*\*] cm [mass- (papillary, solid, flat), ulcer, area of fibrosis\*\*\*] located in the [trigone, dome, right/left lateral wall, anterior wall\*\*\*]. The lesion

# **Genitourinary Grossing Guidelines**

[involves/ does not involve\*\*\*] the [right and/or left\*\*\*] ureteral orifices [describe if ureteral orifices are patent or obstructed in relation to the mass\*\*\*]. Sectioning reveals the lesion to have a [describe cut surface-hemorrhage, necrosis\*\*\*] cut surface and a [\*\*\*] cm maximum thickness. The lesion [is grossly superficial, extends into the bladder wall, extends into the perivesical fat, extends into the uterus, etc.\*\*\*]. The lesion measures [\*\*\*] cm from the inked soft tissue margin, [\*\*\*] cm from the left ureter margin, [\*\*\*] cm from the right ureter margin, and [\*\*\*] cm from the urethral margin. The remaining bladder mucosa is [unremarkable, edematous\*\*\*].

The uterine serosa is [pink-tan and smooth\*\*\*]. The endometrium is [pink-red and unremarkable, or describe involvement with bladder lesion - describe location, if anterior, posterior, uterine fundus/corpus\*\*\*], located [measure distance to right and/or left parametrial margin\*\*\*]. The lesion [does/does not\*\*\*] involve the lower uterine segment, and is located [\*\*\*] cm from the cervical mucosa. The remaining uninvolved endometrium measures [\*\*\*] cm in average thickness, and is [describe color and appearance, or if completely replaced by the lesion\*\*\*]. The myometrium ranges from [smallest to largest\*\*\*] cm in thickness, and is [describe color, trabeculation, cysts, nodules\*\*\*]. [If nodules are present, describe if intramural, transmural, or subserosal, range in sizes, and cut surface appearance, with absence or presence of hemorrhage, calcification or necrosis\*\*\*].

[*Number*] lymph nodes are identified [*insert range of greatest dimension\*\*\**]. Representative sections are submitted. Gross photographs are taken.

#### **INK KEY:**

Black Right soft tissue Blue Left soft tissue

[insert cassette summary\*\*\*]

#### Cassette Submission: 15-20 cassettes

- Ureteral resection margins (en face)
- Urethral resection margin (en face)
- Tumor
  - 2 sections of tumor with deep margin at area of deepest invasion
  - 2 sections of tumor with adjacent uninvolved mucosa
  - 1 section with nearest ureteral orifice, if applicable
  - 2 sections of tumor with uterus and/or vagina, if involved
- One representative section each of uninvolved mucosa
  - Anterior wall
  - Posterior wall
  - o Trigone
  - o Dome
  - Left lateral wall
  - Right lateral wall
  - Longitudinal section of each ureteral orifice
  - \*\* Submit any erythematous mucosa separate from the tumor
  - \*\* Some of these areas may have been sampled in relation to tumor. If you have done so, please do not over submit normal sections
- All lymph nodes (perivesical lymph nodes occasionally are present)
- Uterus

# **Genitourinary Grossing Guidelines**

- Parametrial margins (separate cassettes for right and left), if present
- Anterior cervix
- Posterior cervix
- o Anterior uterine corpus, full thickness
- o Posterior uterine corpus, full thickness
- o Anterior or posterior fundus, full thickness
- Right fallopian tube and right ovary
- Left fallopian tube and left ovary
- Vaginal wall (if present), focusing on invasion or closest approach
  of tumor. Mention the location where the tumor approaches the
  closest vaginal margin, if applicable (i.e. right/left/anterior/posterior)